

## **NAACCSA Guidelines Key Points summary as agreed and adopted at the NAACCSA 2017 AGM**

### **NAACCSA Guideline 12 – Restoration Guideline**

- Recognise Political sensitivity of perceived “reactivation”
- Focus on the restoration of historically important firearms
- Firearm must have been full automatic or select fire originally
- Restoration can also be considered if the previous conversion to semi-auto / restricted is inherently unsafe to strip / handle
- Association will decide on member credentials and suitability to possess the resultant prohibited firearm
- Restoration must not be used to motivate change in Category from B to A
- The candidate restricted firearm to be restored to prohibited status must already be licenced to the member

### **NAACCSA Guideline 13 – Social media Guideline**

- Social media entries must promote a positive Collector image
- Uniforms perceived to be sensitive should only be worn at recognised collector events and must be worn in the relevant context applicable to the uniform and the circumstances and period
- The sensitivity or not of symbols and symbolism will be assessed in terms of the relevant provisions of the SA Constitution

### **NAACCSA Guideline 14 – Change in collecting category of Private collectors**

- It is recommended that 3 year intervals per category be adopted before a member can be considered for changing to a higher category i.e. from D=>C , C=> B or B=> A .
- In the interests of consistency Member Associations should consult with NAACCSA on any deviations from this recommendation

- Normally change to a higher category would require a foundation to be built in the member's existing category in terms of theme, knowledge and interest, and examples already in the collection
- Similarly in the interests of consistency Member Associations should consult with NAACCSA on any deviations from this recommendation
- Knowledge and interest pertinent to the proposed higher category must also be assessed
- Association will decide on member credentials and suitability to be re-categorised in a higher category
- In the normal course of events a change to a less restrictive category i.e. from A=>B , or B=>C , or C=> D would not be subject to any constraints , and the Member Association would merely have to ensure that the member's competency certificate is amended appropriately and that any affected firearms no longer complying with the relevant category have been disposed of .

#### **NAACCSA Guideline 15 – Usage and transportation of Section 17 firearms**

- The interpretation and application Section 17(4) (safe and legal use of a firearm licenced for private collection ) should respect the intent and content of S17 as a whole (responsible and ethical Private Collection of firearms )
- The requirements of S17 (3)(A) for a restricted or prohibited firearm to be “Stored inoperable” should be deemed to commence with pack away , and the firearms should therefore be transported in an “inoperable” state as described in S17(3)(A)
- Members may decide on appropriate self-defence measures to protect their collections but should not adopt a prohibited firearm for this purpose

#### **NAACCSA Guideline 16 – Collectability of Restricted and Prohibited firearms**

- Recognise that the collectability of restricted and prohibited firearms as agreed with Government is primarily governed by the

requirement that the firearm is more than 50 year old , or that it has been out of production for more than 10 years with a real likelihood of acquiring collectible value informed by S17(1)(a) (attributes)

- Current production restricted or prohibited firearms should only be considered where it is a demonstrable complement of an existing collection in a relevant collecting theme
- “ Investment value” should recognise market movement which should be discussed with NAACCSA where it is a significant factor
- “Replica” means a reproduction or re-creation of a “well-known historical firearm” (quote) which has been specifically created as such